## 5.2WORBOOK ANSWER KEY

## Section 5.2 Salts

Comprehension	(h) apptic apid , barium hudravida
Recognizing acids, bases, and salts	(b) acetic acid + barium hydroxide → water + barium acetate
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1. (a) acid	$2 \text{ CH}_3\text{COOH} + \text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ H}_2\text{O} + \text{Ba}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2$
(b) acid	(c) phosphoric acid + aluminum hydroxide →
(c) base	water + aluminum phosphate
(d) acid	$H_3PO_4 + Al(OH)_3 \rightarrow 3 H_2O + AlPO_4$
(e) base	(d) nitric acid + lithium hydroxide → water + lithium nitrate
(f) acid	
(g) acid	$HNO_3 + LIOH \rightarrow H_2O + LINO_3$
(h) acid	(e) sulphuric acid + calcium hydroxide →
(i) sait	water + calcium sulphate
(j) base	$H_2SO_4 + Ca(OH)_2 \rightarrow 2 H_2O + CaSO_4$
(k) base	(f) hydrochloric acid + magnesium hydroxide → water - magnesium ehleride
(I) salt	water + magnesium chloride
(m) acid	$2 \text{ HCI} + \text{Mg(OH)}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ H}_2\text{O} + \text{MgCI}_2$
(n) salt	Applying Knowledge
(o) salt	Metal oxides and non-metal oxides
(p) salt	Page 93
(q) acid	1. oxygen
(r) acid	2. metal oxide
(s) base	3. non-metal oxide
(t) acid	4. it becomes basic
(u) acid	
(v) salt	5. It becomes acidic
2. acetic acid, CH <sub>3</sub> COOH	6. a base
<ol><li>sodium chloride, NaCl</li></ol>	7. an acid
4. sulphuric acid, H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	8. (a) metal oxide
5. sodium hydroxide, NaOH	(b) non-metal oxide
6. magnesium hydroxide, Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	(c) non-metal oxide
<ol><li>hydrochloric acid, HCl</li></ol>	(d) metal oxide
Applying Knowledge	(e) non-metal oxide
Applying Knowledge Acid-base neutralization reactions	(f) metal oxide
Page 92	(g) non-metal oxide
<b>1.</b> (a) $H_2SO_4 + 2 \text{ NaOH} \rightarrow 2 H_2O + \text{Na}_2SO_4$	(h) metal oxide
(b) $HNO_3 + KOH \rightarrow H_2O + KNO_3$	9. (a) a base
(c) 2 HCl + Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ 2 H <sub>2</sub> O + CaCl <sub>2</sub>	(b) an acid
(d) $2 H_3PO_4 + 3 Ba(OH)_2 \rightarrow 6 H_2O + Ba_3(PO_4)_2$	(c) a base
(e) CH <sub>3</sub> COOH + NaOH $\rightarrow$ H <sub>2</sub> O + NaCH <sub>3</sub> COO	(d) an acid
(f) 2 HNO <sub>3</sub> + Sr(OH) <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ 2 H <sub>2</sub> O + Sr(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	
(g) 3 HF + Fe(OH) <sub>3</sub> $\rightarrow$ 3 H <sub>2</sub> O + FeF <sub>3</sub>	Assessment
(h) 4 HBr + Sn(OH) <sub>4</sub> $\rightarrow$ 4 H <sub>2</sub> O + SnBr <sub>4</sub>	Salts
<b>2.</b> (a) sulphuric acid + potassium hydroxide $\rightarrow$	Page 94
water + potassium sulphate	1. A 2. C 3. F 4. E 5. D 6. B 7. C 8. B 9. D 10. B 11. B
$H_2SO_4 + 2 \text{ KOH} \rightarrow 2 H_2O + K_2SO_4$	12. D 13. B